









#### "MOSCOW... HOW MANY STRAINS ARE FUSING IN THAT ONE SOUND, FOR RUSSIAN HEARTS! WHAT STORE OF RICHES IT IMPARTS?" ~ ALEXANDER PUSHKIN

#### A RICH TRADITION

#### Characteristics of Russian Skazki:

- Magical
- Everyday
- Animal
- Moral

# SKAZKA IN G-SHARP MINOR, OP.31 NO.3

- Dedicated to the late Alexei Stanchinsky
- Twilight theme, arpeggio
- Narrative elements
- Evocative terminology









# SKAZKA IN B-FLAT MINOR, OP.20 NO.1

- An Outpouring of Worldly Sorrow
- Overwhelming Climax
- Constant Downward Movement



"The Bell"

# SKAZKA IN B MINOR, OP.20 NO.2

- The Art of Repetition
- Dense Textures
- Rigid Tempo
- Forward Thinking Harmony



# SKAZKA IN E-FLAT MAJOR, OP.26 NO.1

- Open Sound
- Repeated Left Hand Figure
- Overlapping Hands
- Bird Calls and Laughter
- Creative Harmonic Development



# SKAZKA IN E-FLAT MAJOR, OP.26 NO.2

- Syncopated Rhythm
- Feet Stomping
- Dance-like, Graceful, yet Boisterous and Physical
- Capturing Different Aspects of Skazki Theme: Speech, Movement, Vernacular

# SKAZKA IN F MINOR, OP.26 NO.3

- Simpler, Delineated Texture
- Dialogue Between Hands & Registers
- Narrative
- Tempo
- Pauses
- Evaporation



# SKAZKA IN F-SHARP MINOR, OP.26 NO.4

- Bringing it all together
- Persistent
- Odd Transitions
- Rhythm
- Impish



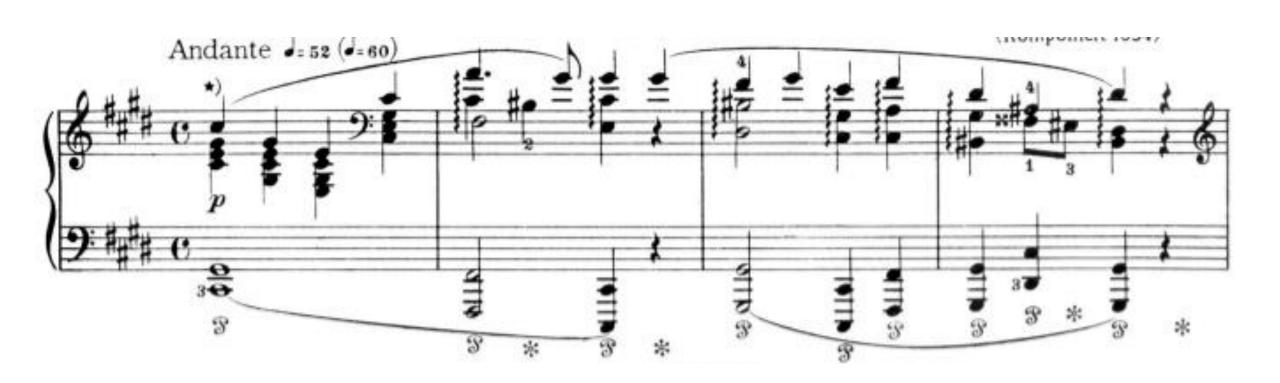


# ROBERT SCHUMANN (1810-1856)

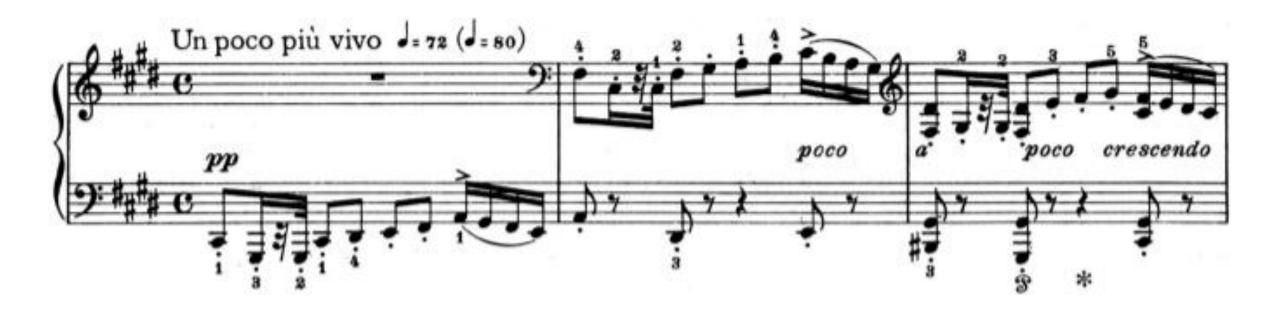
- Early Life
- Musical Style
- Breadth of Works
- Unique Voice



# MOVEMENT I: THEME



#### VARIATION I "UN POCO PIU VIVO"



#### VARIATION II "MARCATO IL CANTO"



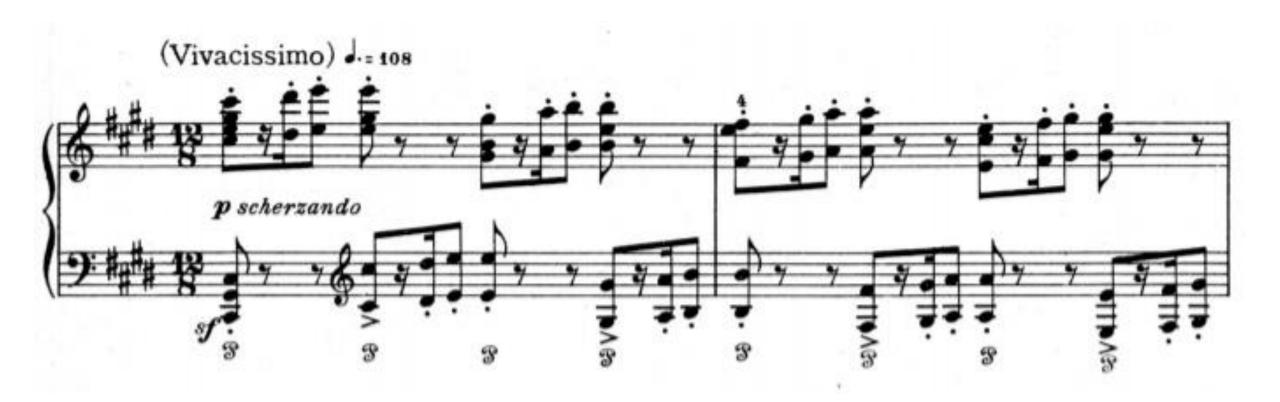
# VARIATION III "VIVACE"



#### VARIATION IV



### VARIATION V "VIVACISSIMO"



# VARIATION VI "AGITATO"



# VARIATION VII "ALLEGRO MOLTO"



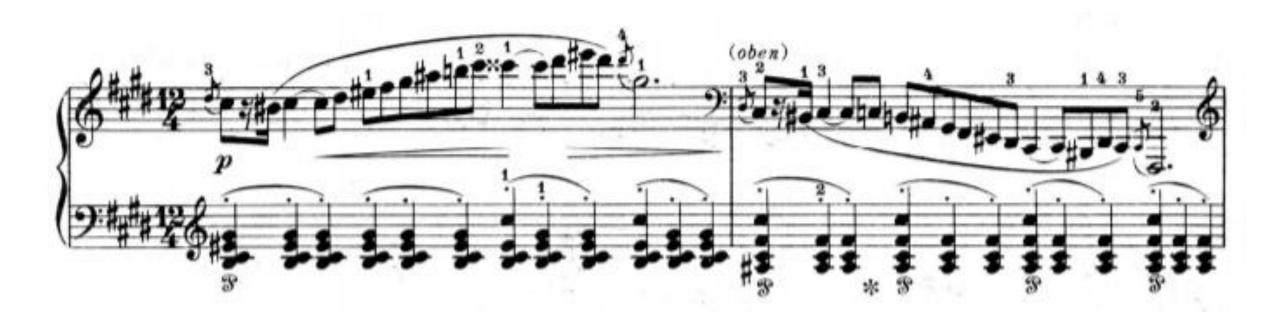
#### VARIATION VIII "ANDANTE - SEMPRE MARCATISSIMO"



# MOVEMENT II: POSTHUMOUS ETUDE IV



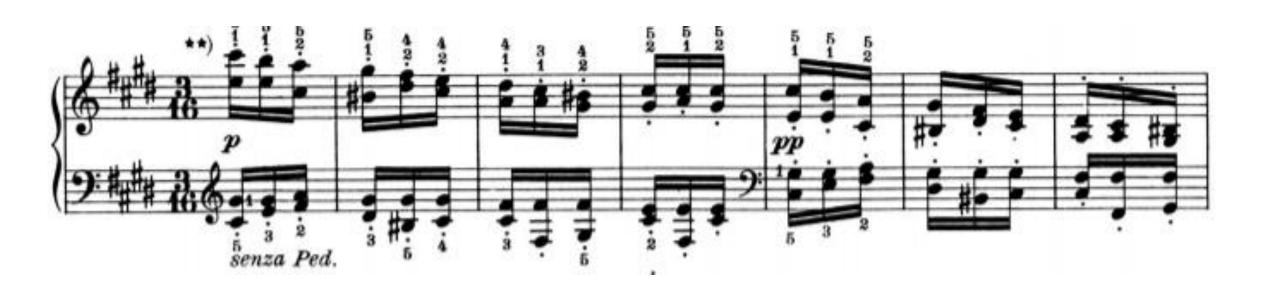
# POSTHUMOUS ETUDE II



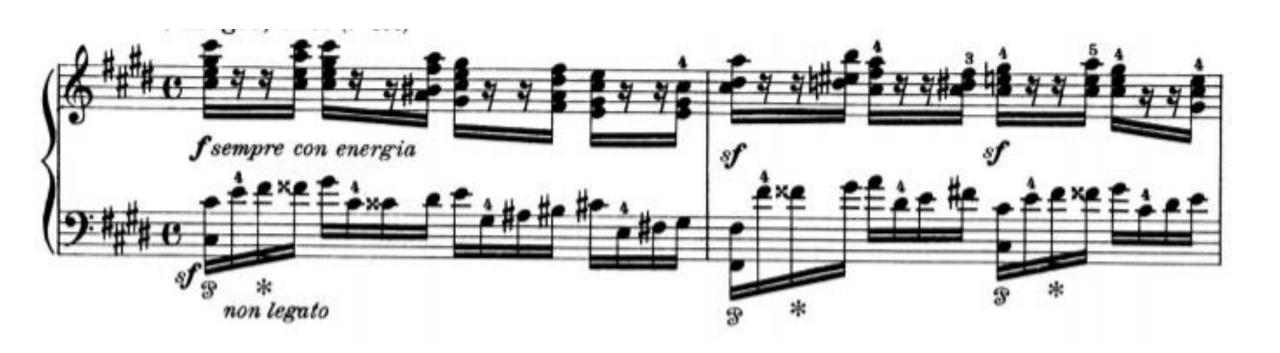
# POSTHUMOUS ETUDE I



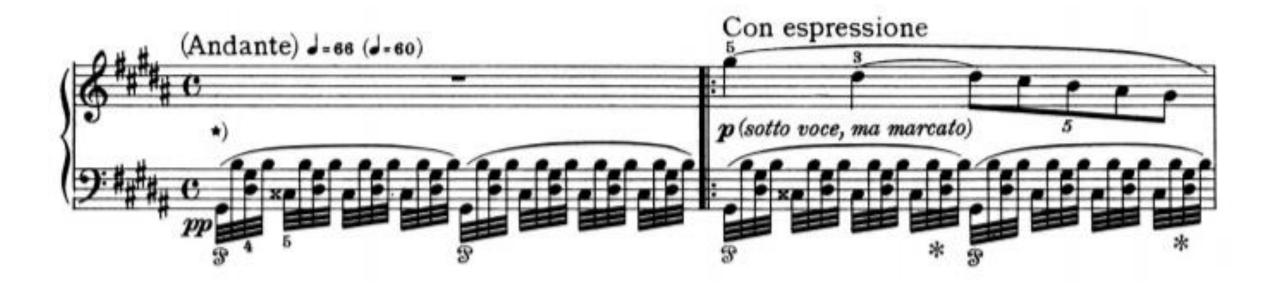
# VARIATION IX "PRESTO POSSIBILE"



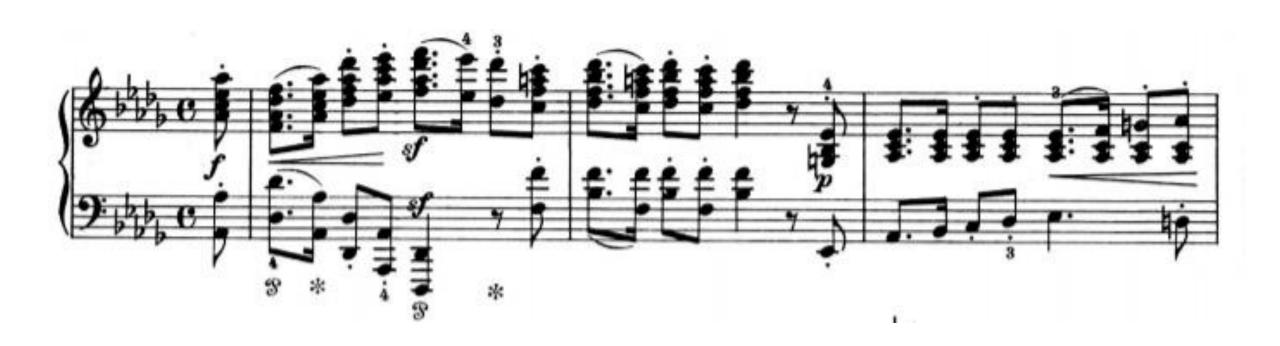
#### VARIATION X "ALLEGRO - SEMPRE CON ENERGIA"



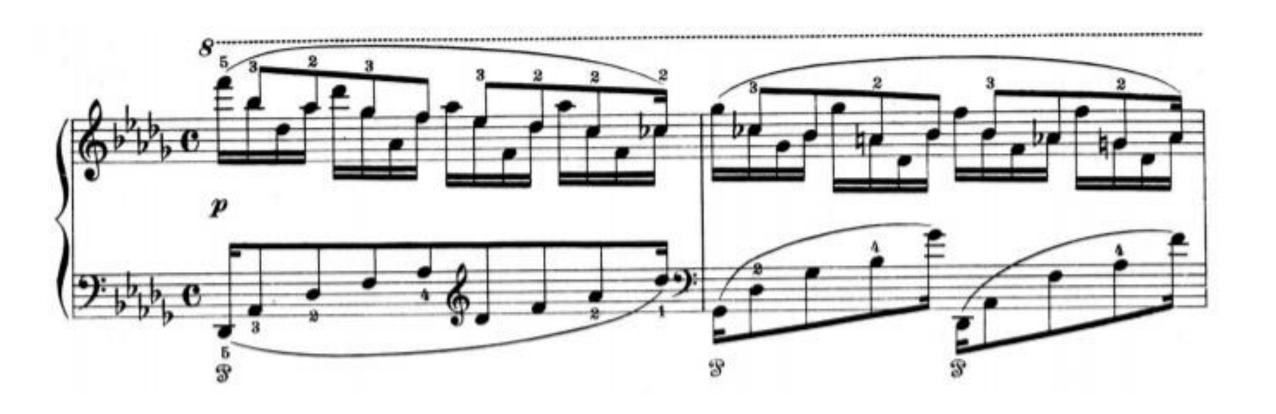
#### VARIATION XI "ANDANTE - CON ESPRESSIONE"



# MOVEMENT 3: VARIATION XII (FINALE) "ALLEGRO BRILLANTE"



# CODA - POSTHUMOUS ETUDE V





# FINAL POINTS



The relationship between these two story-telling composers



Their similarities in interest and genre.



Medtner drew on his culture's folk tales and poetry



Schumann drew on Germanic poetry and innovated the design of the Op.13



The role of literature and its influence on music in the Romantic Age

"To send light into the darkness of men's souls such is the duty of the artist"
- Robert Schumann

Q&A

"Inspiration comes, where thought is saturated in emotions, and emotion is imbued with sense."

– Nikolai Medtner